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Introduction

The National Park Service (NPS) sponsors public surveys to provide park managers with information needed for park planning, management, operations and evaluation of performance related to protecting park resources and meeting the needs of the public. In consultation with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the Department of the Interior (DOI), the NPS has developed a Programmatic Review and Clearance Process for NPS-sponsored public surveys. It streamlines the process required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. This booklet provides guidelines as of August 2014 for using the programmatic process.

What Kinds of Studies Are Covered?

The programmatic review process applies to NPS-sponsored surveys designed to furnish useful applied knowledge to NPS managers and planners. Questions asked under the programmatic review process must show a clear tie to NPS management and planning needs. The programmatic review may only be used for non-controversial surveys that are unlikely to attract or include topics of significant public interest in the programmatic review process. Investigators who are unsure if a study qualifies under the programmatic review process are strongly encouraged to contact the Social Science Branch for clarification early in the planning process.

Who May Be Surveyed?

The programmatic review process is limited to three specific segments of the public—park visitors, potential park visitors, and residents of communities near parks.

**Park Visitors:** Park visitors include persons visiting any unit of the National Park System for recreational purposes, to participate in educational activities, to use resources legally available in a given unit, and for non-recreational purposes, such as traveling through or making deliveries. “Visitors” include the general public, participants in organized tour groups, teachers and students participating in NPS programs or activities, commuters, concession or partner employees, and subsistence resource users.

**Potential Park Visitors:** Potential park visitors include those individuals, who might visit any unit of the National Park System for recreational purposes, to participate in educational activities, to use resources legally available in a given unit, and for non-recreational purposes, such as traveling through or making deliveries.

**Residents near Parks:** Residents near parks include people living in gateway communities near any unit of the National Park System, communities within the boundaries of park units and related areas (e.g., National Heritage Areas, National Scenic Trails), in-holders,
concession or partner employees, and subsistence communities within park boundaries or who traditionally use park resources.

**What Kinds of Information Collection Methods Are Covered?**

The requirements described in this publication apply to any information collection in which the same questions are asked of ten or more people. This includes all forms of surveys (mail, on-site, telephone, Web-based), focus groups, semi-structured interviews, and field experiments. Studies in which information is collected about people solely through observation are exempt from the approval process.

**Authorities and Guidance**

The authorities and guidance that apply to the Programmatic Review and Clearance Process for NPS-sponsored public surveys are:

- 5 CFR Part 1320: Controlling Paperwork Burdens on the Public; Regulatory Changes Reflecting Recodification of the Paperwork Reduction Act
- United States Code, Title 44, Chapter 25: Coordination of Federal Information Policy
- DOI Collection of Information from the Public: Interim Guidelines (March 20, 1997)
- NPS Director’s Order #78, Social Science, Section III (October 7, 2002)
- NPS, Social Science Surveys and Interviews in the National Parks and for the National Park Service: A Guide to NPS and OMB Approvals (July 2002)
- OMB, Guidance on Agency Survey and Statistical Information Collections: Questions and Answers When Designing Surveys for Information Collections (January 2006)
Topic Areas within the Scope of the Programmatic Review and Clearance Process

To qualify for the programmatic review process, all questions in a survey must fit within one or more of the approved topic areas and must be approved by the NPS and OMB. Researchers have flexibility, within accepted standards of good survey design and OMB regulations, to develop specific questions within the topic areas. The seven topic areas are identified below. A description of the scope of each topic area follows.

**TOPIC AREA 1: RESPONDENTS’ CHARACTERISTICS AND KNOWLEDGE**

*The questions in this section will be used characterize the population of respondents participating in each sample. Individual characteristics collected will be attributes of individual park visitors or visitor groups, potential visitors or groups, and residents of communities near parks. Individual characteristics collected will be relevant and limited to the mission, management, and/or operations of National Park System units. The scope of the information will be limited to those that are germane to the topic being studied and relevant to the park and its management. This information will be used to check the representativeness of each sample against the population. Variables such as age, education, and knowledge are often good predictors of demand and visitation behavior.*

**TOPIC AREA 2 - TRIP PLANNING**

*The section on Trip Planning includes aspects of travel which affect a trip or decisions which individuals make prior to, during, or following their trips to parks, related areas, and nearby communities. Trip characteristics will be relevant to the mission, management, and/or operations of National Park System units that are included in the scope of this topic area. The scope of the information collected will be limited to those that are germane to the topic being studied and relevant to the park and its management.*

**TOPIC AREA 3 - TRIP BEHAVIORS**

*Individuals participate in many activities during their visits to parks, related areas and nearby communities. The questions in this section will be used to identify individual activities, behaviors, or uses of natural and cultural resources which are relevant to the mission, management, and/or operations of National Park System units Understanding the current and future uses and purposes of park visitors will be helpful to managers when considering updating park management plans and educational efforts.*
TOPIC AREA 4: PREFERENCES/MOTIVES/ATTITUDES
Questions in this topic area will be used to collect data concerning the public's awareness and observations of the natural and social environments in the parks. Preferences, motives and attitudes will be measured to determine how individual observations influence overall experiences. For purposes of the programmatic review process perception questions will be limited to topics the park or the NPS can control and manage goods and services currently or potentially.

TOPIC AREA 5 - CROWDING AND VISITOR EXPERIENCES
Crowding and conflict are among the most intractable problems faced by recreation managers. Concern over rising visitation in parks, and accompanying impacts on resources and on visitor experience, has led the National Park Service to focus increasing attention on the concept of crowding and carrying capacity. Crowding and conflict arise from the social encounters and interactions among recreationists ranging from basic competition for space (e.g., crowding) to conflicts between forms of activity and related expressions of acceptable or appropriate use. Research on crowding norms and conflict has been particularly helpful in establishing guidelines for Limits of Acceptable Change planning efforts by identifying key social impact indicators and the data required to monitor them. The questions in this topic area will help managers understand the factor associated with the acceptability of crowding and visitor carrying capacity.

TOPIC AREA 6 - EVALUATIONS/OPINIONS OF SERVICES, FACILITIES, AND MANAGEMENT
Public opinion of the services and facilities helps management teams understand the values people hold in relation to park resources and the visitor experience and is critical to creating a plans that can be successfully implemented. Underlying all fundamental planning decisions are competing values, which must be resolved by a decision as to which value is of greater importance in a particular situation. A planning decision is the compromise between competing values at a given point in time. Understanding public values enables the management teams to make informed planning decisions. The questions in this topic area will be used to help managers learn about public concerns, issues, expectations, and values. The collected data can be used to provide information on how people use the park, on existing and desired conditions and on the acceptability of proposed indicators.

TOPIC AREA 7 – ECONOMIC IMPACT AND BENEFIT ANALYSIS
Visitor expenditure and income information is needed to calculate the economic impact and benefit of park visitation. Economic impact measures how much the money people spend visiting parks and surrounding areas contributes to the local economy in terms of jobs and income. Economic benefit measures how much visitors value a park above what they spend, or the increase in social welfare a park provides. Accurate impact assessment requires identification of those portions of expenditures that occur in the local region and inside the park. Questions will be used to develop average spending estimates for visitors to the park and local region. Income and income foregone questions provide information about the value, or economic benefit, of a visit to the park.
Submission and Review Process

**NOTE:** Studies outside the scope of the Programmatic Review and Clearance Process for NPS-Sponsored Public Surveys process will be submitted through the standard information collection review process outlined by the Paperwork Reduction Act. Please contact the Information Collection Review Coordinator (ICRC) before starting the Programmatic Review and Clearance Process if you have any concerns about your submission’s applicability.

The Principal Investigator (PI) is responsible for initiating a request for programmatic review and providing a complete and accurate package of review materials. PIs may be park resource management specialists, NPS interpretive designers, agency scientists, researchers from universities, and individuals from organizations cooperating with the NPS, among others. The submission must include:

(a) a completed programmatic review form  
(b) a complete copy of the proposed data-collection instrument (e.g., survey or interview guide)  
(c) other supporting materials (such as cover letters, introductory scripts, follow-up letters, and survey logs)

The programmatic review form is available in this booklet and online at the following Web site:  
[http://www.nature.nps.gov/socialscience/docs/ex_guide.pdf](http://www.nature.nps.gov/socialscience/docs/ex_guide.pdf)

The request for programmatic review and submission of a complete and accurate package must be made **at least 60 calendar days** prior to the first day the PI wishes to administer the instrument to the public. **Submissions received in the busiest months of May and June will likely experience significant delays in review times.**

The NPS will provide an administrative and technical review of all materials and will notify the PI of the results. If revisions are necessary, the PI should complete them as soon as possible so that the NPS can forward materials to OMB in a timely fashion. If no revisions are necessary, the NPS will promptly submit the review package to OMB for review. A description of the steps in the programmatic review process follows.

**Step 1**
The PI completes the Programmatic Review Form and prepares the proposed data-collection instrument. Instructions are provided for each item on the form (see page 6). *In addition, questions in the proposed data-collection instrument must have each topic area clearly identified.* Please list topic areas by number and title; for example "Topic Area 1-Respondent Characteristics." Topic areas must be included with all instruments, both quantitative and qualitative (including focus group questions). Submissions lacking this information will be returned to the PI, resulting in delays in the review process.
Step 2
The PI submits the completed form and a copy of the proposed survey instrument to the NPS ICRC for review. The submission package must include:

1. any introductory script used in contacting the public
2. all cover letters, postcard reminders or follow-up letters to be sent to potential respondents
3. all survey or interview questions, each question being clearly identified as to the topic area under which it is being submitted
4. necessary Paperwork Reduction Act compliance language inserted into the survey instrument 1
5. if applicable, scripts for non-response bias analysis follow-ups
6. any other supporting materials (such as survey logs)

Be sure that for qualitative surveys (including focus groups) there is an introductory script, including the necessary PRA compliance language. For person-to-person information collections, such as on-site interviews, telephone interviews and focus groups, a short statement describing how the PI intends to communicate PRA compliance information to respondents is required in the description of the survey methodology. All submission packages must be formatted as MS Word documents (the recent version up to and including MS Word XP) and sent via e-mail to the NPS ICRC at the following address: phadrea_ponds@nps.gov (email). Please do not send materials in PDF format, as these will be returned.

Step 3
The NPS ICRC will provide a complete administrative and technical review of the submission. Any comments and edits will be returned and the PI will be responsible for returning revised version of the submission to the ICRC.

- The ICRC can either approve or reject any submission based on the scope of the Programmatic Review and Clearance Process for NPS-Sponsored Public Surveys process.
- Should a submission be rejected, the PI may submit an appeal, in writing, to the Associate Director, Natural Resource Stewardship and Science, for a final decision.

Step 4
Once approved by the NPS ICRC, the submission will be transmitted to OMB for final review.

Step 5
OMB reviews the submission and notifies the NPS of approval or necessary revisions. Should OMB have specific questions about the survey instrument or proposed methodology, the NPS ICRC will immediately inform the PI and work with the PI to make necessary revisions. The NPS ICRC will submit the PI’s revisions to OMB and inform the PI of the results.
Step 6
Once approved by OMB, the NPS ICRC will notify the PI immediately and provide the OMB Control Number and expiration date. Although the OMB expiration date of three years is granted to the overall Programmatic Review and Clearance Process for NPS-Sponsored Public Surveys process, the NPS limits the approval of individual collections to no more than six months after the survey dates requested on the Programmatic approval form.

Step 7
The PI prepares a final revised survey instrument, submitting a final electronic copy to the NPS Social Science Branch. The final survey instrument must (without exception) include the following:

   a) the OMB number
   b) the expiration date, and
   c) the Paperwork Reduction Act statement.

Additions or changes to a survey instrument after it has been approved, even within the specific topic areas, are not allowed by OMB. An exception is that questions may be deleted after approval by OMB, if necessary. In addition, the PI must provide the NPS Social Science Branch with an archive copy of the final report describing the results of the survey.

All archive copies of reports will be catalogued in the Social Science Studies Collection, physically housed in the NPS Washington Office. Reports housed in the Social Science Studies Collection will also be made available electronically to park managers and the public through the NPS Focus Digital Library and Research Station.
Other Approvals
In addition to OMB approval, PIs conducting surveys within units of the National Park System must meet requirements of the National Park Service Research Permit and Reporting System. Research permits under this system are issued by the specific park unit(s) in which the research takes place. Individual parks may have additional requirements as well. PIs should contact staff members of respective park sites to make this determination. Information on the NPS Research Permit and Reporting System is available online at the following Web site: http://science.nature.nps.gov/research
Frequently Asked Questions

1. What does NPS evaluate during its review of proposed collections?

A central goal of the review process is to help agencies strike a balance between collecting information necessary to fulfill their statutory missions and guarding against unnecessary or duplicative information that imposes unjustified costs on the American public. In this regard, the NPS Information Collection Review Coordinator evaluates whether the collection of information by the agency:

- is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information has practical utility;
- minimizes the Federal information collection burden, with particular emphasis on those individuals and entities most adversely affected; and
- maximizes the practical utility of and public benefit from information collected by or for the Federal Government.

Collection are also reviewed to the extent that the information collection is consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and policies related to privacy, confidentiality, security, information quality, and statistical standards.

2. Is approval required for information collected in focus groups or field experiments?

Information collected in focus groups or field experiments must be approved if the participation includes ten or more persons and they are asked identical questions. If a series of focus groups is conducted on the same topic using substantially similar questions and the total participants in all groups combined is more than ten, then approval is required.

3. I am a student conducting a study of national park visitors. Do I need OMB approval for my study?

NPS and OMB approval is required if the study is conducted, sponsored, or funded by the NPS. If you are receiving financial or in-kind support from the NPS, approval will be required. The submission should list your major professor or faculty advisor as the PI. Approval by university Institutional Review Boards (Human Subjects Committees) does not substitute for NPS and OMB approval. However, under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) research occurring in national park units that is funded by external sources (e.g., independent grants) and is not assisted or reviewed by the NPS in any way will not require NPS and OMB approval. However, this does not exempt studies from obtaining a special use permit to conduct research within the boundaries of lands managed by the National Park Service.
4. I intend to study visitor response to interpretive exhibits. I will observe visitors' behavior as they approach, read, and interact with the exhibits under different experimental conditions. Will I need approval?

Observations are exempt from the review and PRA approval process if no information is solicited from the public. Also exempt are questions asked of the person that are specific to that individual or result from observation. Approval is needed if standardized questions will be asked of ten or more observed people.

5. How long does the Programmatic review process take?

The request for Programmatic review, and submission of a complete and accurate review package, must be made at least 60 calendar days prior to the first day the PI wishes to administer the survey in the field.

6. How do I provide Paperwork Reduction Act compliance information to the respondents of my survey?

Respondents to NPS-sponsored surveys must be informed that the information collection is approved and in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act. Depending on the type of survey instrument used, compliance information is passed along to the respondents in different ways. The compliance information can be printed on an on-site or mail-back questionnaire. General compliance information can be presented verbally in face-to-face interviews, focus groups, or telephone surveys. Additional information will need to be made available to respondents upon request. Sample compliance information appropriate to different situations can be found on the NPS Social Science Branch Web site.

7. I will be surveying small groups of park visitors. Is approval required?

NPS and OMB approval is required if identical questions are asked of ten or more persons.

8. Do I need approval if I am pre-testing a survey for later submission?

Pre-testing of survey instruments and methodology is encouraged. If pre-testing involves collecting the same information from ten or more members of the public, clearance for the pre-test is required. The request for approval of the pre-test can be submitted separately or with the final survey package, whichever is appropriate. However, if done with 9 or less people, pre-testing instruments prior to submission is recommended, especially if you are new to the survey design process and/or the survey includes questions that have not already been well-tested.

9. I intend to offer respondents to my survey a small token of thanks from the park cooperating association. Is this acceptable?

Generally, OMB discourages use of incentives in federal surveys because of the possibility of biasing a sample. Under certain circumstances, non-monetary incentives can be used. You should contact the NPS Social Science Branch to discuss your proposed use of an incentive in your survey.
10. Are there any restrictions on the use of Web surveys?

Use of Web surveys as an option for respondents is acceptable. The Web should not be the only method of survey administration. There are restrictions on surveys of Web site users. If you intend to do a survey of this population, please contact the NPS Social Science Branch early in your planning process. Further, in terms of sample selection, the Web should not be the means by which a sample population is recruited, since this will bias the sample. An exception occurs when the population being surveyed consists of visitors to a Web site, such as www.nps.gov. Contact the Social Science Branch if you are planning such a survey.

11. How should I anticipate my expected response rate?

Expected response rates should be based on previous like studies in which the method of data collection and sample population were similar. In reporting your expected response rate, please be sure to justify it with specific reference to these similar studies. If you are having difficulty with this, please contact the Social Science Branch for assistance.

12. Can I ensure confidentiality?

Information collections approved under this program are subject to Freedom of Information Act requests. The Department of the Interior has no statutory authority to exempt studies from such requests. Therefore, confidentiality cannot be pledged. However, anonymity is offered and any information on surveys that identifies respondents must be removed and stored separately from survey databases so that the two are not linked. These steps are disclosed to respondents in the Paperwork Reduction Act Statement printed on all information collection instruments.

13. What is an OMB Control Number?

An OMB Control Number is a unique number comprised of two four-digit codes separated by a hyphen. The first four digits identify the sponsoring agency and bureau, and the second four digits identify the particular collection. Note that it is possible for multiple information collections submitted under one ICR to have the same OMB Control Number (i.e., NPS Programmatic Process, DOI Generic Customer Satisfactions and the government-wide Customer Feedback Survey).

The responses to the FAQs offer very general guidance. Please contact the NPS ICRC immediately if you have any concerns that are beyond the scope of the topics discussed.
Instructions to Complete the Form

1. Insert a title for the proposed study and include park name, if appropriate (e.g., Yosemite National Park Visitor Study). Include the date of submission of the request to NPS.

2. Summarize the proposed study with an abstract not to exceed 150 words.

3. Fill in the PI contact information. The ICRC will communicate with the PI listed here throughout the entire process. For studies in which graduate students are taking an active role, please list the faculty advisor as the PI.

4. Fill in the park or program liaison contact information; list only one park liaison for the purposes of the review process, even if a PI is conducting a multi-park study.

5. List the park(s) in which the data collection will be conducted or the park(s) for which the data is being collected.

6. List the time period in which the survey will be conducted, including specific starting and ending dates. The starting date should be at least 60 days after the submission date.

7. Check the type(s) of information collection instrument(s) that will be used. If “other,” please explain.

8. Provide details about the use of electronic devices that may be used to collect information.

9. Provide an NPS-specific need/justification for the study. Describe the purpose, goals, and utility to the program.

10. Provide a description of the survey methodology. This description must be specific and include each of the following:

   a) the respondent universe (e.g., all adult visitors over 16 years of age to Yosemite National Park from Memorial Day to Labor Day 2012);

   b) the sampling plan and all sampling procedures, including how individual respondents will be selected and a justification for the planned sample size;

   c) how the instrument will be administered in the field, including follow-up procedures to increase response rates;

   d) expected response rate and confidence levels, including a justification of the anticipated response rate by citing specific studies similar to the proposed one and their response rates;

   e) a plan for analyzing and reporting the implications of any non-response bias detected (include a copy of your survey log, if applicable);

   f) A description of any pre-testing and peer review of the methods and/or instrument.
11. Fill in the total number of initial contacts and the total number of expected respondents.

12. Fill in the estimated time to complete the initial contact and the survey instrument (in minutes).

13. Fill in the total number of burden hours. Burden hours refer specifically to interaction with the sample, including initial contact, reviewing instructions, and filling out a survey. Burden on non-respondents (such as initial contact interviews with individuals declining to participate) should be included in this total.

14. Provide a brief description of the reporting plan for the data being collected. This might include a final technical report to the park, a briefing for park managers, a Park Science article, a peer-reviewed journal article, etc. A copy of all survey reports must be archived with the NPS Social Science Branch for inclusion in the Social Science Studies Collection.
Checklist for Submitting a Request for Programmatic Review

☐ Survey population includes only park visitors, potential park visitors, and/or residents of communities near parks.

☐ All questions in the survey instruments are within the scope of the topic areas covered by the Programmatic review, are non-controversial, and are designed to furnish useful applied knowledge to NPS managers and planners.

☐ The Programmatic review package is being submitted to the NPS Social Science Branch at least 60 days prior to the first day the PI wishes to administer the survey to the public.

The Programmatic review package includes:
☐ a completed Programmatic review form
☐ a copy of the survey instrument or telephone interview script (with each question clearly identified as to the topic number and area under which it is being submitted)
☐ other supporting materials, such as
  ☐ cover letters to accompany mail-back questionnaires
  ☐ scripts for initial contact of respondents and for any follow-up calls as part of a non-response bias check
  ☐ a survey log recording the disposition of contacts, including refusals
  ☐ necessary Paperwork Reduction Act compliance language
  ☐ follow-up letters/reminders sent to respondents

The survey methodology presented on the Programmatic review form includes a specific description of:
☐ the respondent universe
☐ the sampling plan and all sampling procedures, including how respondents will be selected and a justification for the planned sample size
☐ how the instrument will be administered, including follow-up procedures
☐ expected response rate (with justification) and confidence levels
☐ plan for non-response bias analysis
☐ a description of any pre-testing and peer review of the methods and/or the instrument
☐ The burden hours reported on the Programmatic review form include the number of burden hours associated with the initial contact of all individuals in the sample (i.e., including refusals), if applicable, and the burden associated with individuals expected to complete the survey instrument.
☐ The package is properly formatted and sent to the NPS ICRC
All submission packages must be formatted as MS Word documents and sent via the Survey Request Tracking System (SRTS) https://irma.nps.gov/Srts/
or
e-mail to the NPS Social Science Branch at the following address:

Phadrea D. Ponds
Information Collection Review Coordinator
National Park Service
Environmental Quality Division
Social Science Branch
phadrea_ponds@nps.gov
970-267-7213 (Office)